

Table S2. Study findings for studies with nonclinical samples. F: Female; M: Male; pat: patient; contr: healthy control; * $P < .05$; ** $P < .01$; °: Significance not reported; ¥: Human labeled, not objective

Main Author;year	Feature category	Sensor	Feature;description	Results on outcome
Asselbergs [3];2016	Physical activity	Accelerometer	Vigorous activity	$r = .116^{**}$
	Device	Screen	Screen active frequency	$r = .034$
	Device	Screen	Screen active duration	$r = -.074^*$
	Device	Phone	Images taken	$r = .062$
Baras [4];2016	Social	SMS log	SMS recieved	$r = .542^{\circ}$
	Social	SMS log	SMS sent	$r = .573^{\circ}$
Becker [5];2016	Physical activity	Accelerometer	Vigorous activity	$\beta = 0.08$
Ben-Zeev [17];2015	Social	Microphone	Speak duration	$P = 0.048^*$
	Location	GPS+WIFI	Geospatial; log-transformed total distance	$P = 0.022^*$
	Physical activity	Accelerometer	Kinesthetic; number of active periods	$P > 0.05$
	Subject	Multi sensor	Sleep duration; measured with screen, accelerometer, sound and light	$P = 0.028^*$
Berke [8];2011	Social	Microphone	Speaking duration	$r = -.73$
Canzian [9];2015	Location	GPS	DT; Total distance covered	$r = -.0252$
	Location	GPS	DM; Maximum distance between two location clusters	$r = -.0161$
	Location	GPS	Coverage area; distances from locations to center	$r = -.0090$
	Location	GPS	Standard deviation of displacement	$r = .0210$
	Location	GPS	DH; Maximum distance between home and location	$r = -.0175$
	Location	GPS	Ndif; The number of different places visited	$r = -.0203$
	Location	GPS	Routine index; difference between daily mobility behavior	$r = .0359$
Cho [1]; 2016	Social	Call log	Call frequency	F/M: $r = 0.049/-0.052$
	Social	Call log	Call duration	F/M: $r = 0.059/-0.031$
Chow [10];2017	Location	GPS	Home stay (10AM-6PM)	Std. $\beta = 0.03$
DeMasi [11];2016	Subject	Accelerometer	STD of sleep	$\beta = 7.2^{**}$
	Physical activity	Accelerometer	Activity (daytime)	$\beta \approx 0$
	Physical activity	Accelerometer	STD stillness activity	$\beta = -3.3^{**}$
	Physical activity	Accelerometer	Entropy	$\beta \approx 0$

Edwards [12];2016	Physical activation	Pedometer	Activity (Step counter)	F = 11.85**
Farhan [13];2016	Location	GPS	Location variance; Variability in a subjects GPS location	r = -.15
	Location	GPS	Normalized distance; The amount of movement normalize with time period	r = -.13
	Physical activity	GPS	Movement speed	r = -.09
	Physical activity	GPS	Activity (duration)	r = .06
	Location	GPS	Entropy; The variability of the time the participant spent at the location clusters	r = -.16*
	Location	GPS	Normalized Entropy	r = -.21**
	Location	GPS	Home stay	r = .18*
	Location	GPS	Number of clusters	r = -.09
	Physical activity	Accelerometer	Activity	r = -.11
	Physical activity	Accelerometer	Inactive	r = .10
Mark [19];2016	Subject	Accelerometer	Sleep duration	$\beta = 0.02^{**}$
	Physical activity	Accelerometer	Activity	$\beta = 0.0001$
Matic [16]; 2011	Physical activity	Accelerometer	Activity	r = -.26*
	Location	FM-position	Breaks; time spent in break room or balcony	r = -.21
Mehrotra [18];2016	Device	Notification	Acceptance; % notifications clicked	r < .2**
	Device	Notification	ST; time from arrives until seen	r < .2
	Device	Notification	DT; time from seen until acted upon	r < .2
	Device	Notification	RT; Response time (ST + DT)	r < .2**
	Device	App	App frequency (number of lunched apps)	r < .2
	Device	App	App duration	r < .2
	Device	Screen	Screen active duration	r < .2**
	Device	Screen	Screen active frequency	r < .2
	Device	Screen	Screen unlocks	r < .2**
Mestry [2]; 2015	Device	App	Communication apps used	r = -.33**
	Location	Internet	Distinct location visited - found through Telephony Manager	r = .09
	Device	Data usage	Network data transmitted	r = .07
	Social	Call log	Call duration (incoming)	r = .22
	Device	Screen	Screen active duration (between 9pm-10pm)	r = -.03
Pillai [20]; 2014	Subject	Accelerometer	Sleep onset latency	r = .21*
	Subject	Accelerometer	Sleep duration	r = .05

	Subject	Accelerometer	Sleep efficiency	$r = -.15^*$
Saeb [6];2015	Location	GPS	Entropy	$r = -.42$
	Location	GPS	Normalized entropy	$r = -.58^*$
	Location	GPS	Location variance	$r = -.58^*$
	Location	GPS	Home stay	$r = .49^*$
	Location	GPS	Transition time	$r = .21$
	Location	GPS	Circadian rhythm	$r = -.63^{**}$
	Location	GPS	Number of clusters	$r = -.09$
	Physical activity	GPS	Activity	$r = -.08$
	Device	Screen	Screen active duration	$r = .54^*$
	Device	Screen	Screen active frequency	$r = .52^*$
Saeb [7];2016	Location	GPS	Location variance	$r = -.43^*$
	Location	GPS	Circadian movement	$r = -.48^*$
	Location	GPS	Speed mean	$r = -.06$
	Location	GPS	Speed variance	$r = -.06$
	Location	GPS	Number of clusters	$r = -.44^*$
	Location	GPS	Entropy	$r = -.46^*$
	Location	GPS	Normalized entropy	$r = -.44^*$
	Location	GPS	Raw entropy	$r = .22$
	Location	GPS	Home stay	$r = .43^*$
	Location	GPS	Transition time	$r = -.32$
	Physical	GPS	Total distance	$r = -.18$
Wang [14];2015	Subject	Camera	Image brightness, contrast and saturation	All three not significant
	Subject	¥ Camera	Label: laying down; if person, during EMA, was laying down	$r = .51^{**}$
Wang [15];2014	Subject	Multiple-sensor	Sleep duration; light, lock-state, accelerometer and microphone	$r = -.382^*$
	Social	Call log	Call frequency	$r = -.387^*$
	Social	Call log	Call frequency (evening)	$r = -.345^*$
	Social	Call log	Call duration	$r = -.328^*$
	Location	Bluetooth	Co-located Bluetooth deices	$r = -.362^*$

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